FORM 6-K

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-16 OR 15d-16 OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarter Ended March 31, 2000

GOLD RESERVE INC.

Address Of Principal Executive Offices: 926 West Sprague Avenue
Suite 200
Spokane, Washington 99201

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover Form 20-F or Form 40-F. Form 20-F  $\,$  X  $\,$  Form 40-F

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information contained in this Form is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Yes

No X

If "Yes" is marked, indicate below the file number assigned to the registrant in connection with Rule 12g3-2(b):

Forward Looking Statements

The information presented in or incorporated by reference in this interim financial report includes both historical information and "forward-looking statements" (within the meaning of Section 27A of the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and Section 21E of the United States Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) relating to the future results of Gold Reserve Inc. (the "Company"), which involve risks and uncertainties. Except where the context indicates otherwise, "Company" means Gold Reserve Inc., its predecessor Gold Reserve Corporation and subsidiaries.

Numerous factors could cause actual results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements, including without limitation the following risks:

- actual reserves could vary considerably from estimates presently made,
- volatility of metals prices and estimated metal production,
- concentration of operations and assets in Venezuela,
- regulatory, political and economic risks associated with Venezuelan operations,
- inability to obtain adequate funding for future development of the Brisas property,
- dependence upon the abilities and continued participation of key employees,
- other uncertainties normally incident to the operation and development of mining properties.

Investors are cautioned not to put undue reliance on forward-looking statements, and should not infer that there has been no change in the affairs of the Company since the date of this interim financial report that would warrant any modification of any forward-looking statement made in this document or other documents filed periodically with securities regulators.

All subsequent written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to the Company or persons acting on its behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by this notice. The Company disclaims any intent or obligation to update publicly these forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Operations Overview

The Company's Brisas property, a gold and copper deposit, is located in the

Kilometer 88 mining district in the State of Bolivar, southeastern Venezuela. Exploration and development activities on the Brisas property, which commenced in 1992, have included surface mapping and geochemical sampling, assaying, petrology, mineral studies and metallurgical sampling as well as approximately 165,000 meters of drilling comprised of 763 holes.

The Brisas property is presently estimated to contain a total mineral resource of 9.9 million ounces of gold and approximately 1.13 billion pounds of copper (based on 0.5 gram per tonne gold equivalent cut-off), which is contained within an area approximately 1,900 meters long and 500 to 900 meters wide. Scattered drill holes to the west of the main body of the deposit demonstrate that mineralization continues for an unknown distance down dip to the west and to the north. Additional mineralized areas have also been intersected below the current mineralized resource.

### Reserve Estimate Audits

The extensive data compiled by the Company, which serves as the basis of its pre-feasibility study, has been closely scrutinized by its consultants. Behre Dolbear & Company, Inc. ("Behre Dolbear") originally audited the Company's data collection procedures in 1997. In 1998, Behre Dolbear completed an additional audit of the Company's modeling and reserve methodology and in early 1999 verified the published reserve estimates.

In total, Behre Dolbear's audits have concluded that technical data collection procedures meet or exceed accepted industry standards; assay laboratories provide reliable and acceptable results; the database compiled by the Company is of a quality appropriate for utilization in a reserve study suitable for obtaining financing; estimating techniques used were an accurate representation for the reserves; drill hole spacing was sufficient to generate future estimates of proven and probable reserves; the database was correct and reliable; the reserve risk for the project is low and there is upside potential for additional reserves at the Brisas property because the mineralization can be extrapolated with quite high confidence beyond the current drilling in the down dip direction and to the north.

#### Total Mineral Resource Estimates

The mineral resource based on 0.5 gold equivalent cut-off grade is summarized in the following tables:

	Measured			Indicated	!		Inferred			Total		
Au Eq Cutoff Grade	kt	Au (g/t)	Cu (%)	kt	Au (g/t)	Cu (%)	kt	Au (g/t)	Cu (%)	kt	Au (g/t)	Cu (%)
0.50	221,042	0.805	0.111	145,028	0.690	0.155	40,103	0.733	0.110	406,173	0.757	0.127

	Measured**		Indicated**		Inferred**		Total**	
Au Eq Cutoff								
Cutoff	Au	Cu	Au	Cu	Au	Cu	Au	Cu
Grade	oz.	lb.	oz.	lb.	oz.	lb.	oz.	lb.
0.50	5.721	541.0	3.217	495.7	0.945	97.3	9.883	1,134.0

## \*\* in millions

## Reserve Estimate

Audited reserve estimates contained in the most recent pre-feasibility supplement have been prepared in accordance with reporting requirements of applicable Canadian Securities Commissions and calculated using \$300 per ounce of gold and \$0.80 per pound of copper (and \$3.30/tonne revenue cutoff). The most current estimates are as follows:

Reserve			Au	Cu	Waste	Total	
(thousands)	Au grade (g/t)	Cu grade (%)	ounces (thousands)	(thousands)	(thousands)	(thousands)	Strip Ratio
187,443	0.814	0.119	4,906	491,841			
47,411	0.682	0.205	1,040	214,309			
234,854	0.787	0.136	5,946	706,150	383,912	618,766	1.63
	tonnes (thousands) 	tonnes Au grade (thousands) (g/t)	tonnes Au grade Cu grade (thousands) (g/t) (%)  187,443 0.814 0.119 47,411 0.682 0.205	tonnes Au grade Cu grade ounces (thousands) (g/t) (%) (thousands)  187,443 0.814 0.119 4,906 47,411 0.682 0.205 1,040	tonnes Au grade Cu grade ounces pounds (thousands) (g/t) (%) (thousands) (thousands)  187,443 0.814 0.119 4,906 491,841 47,411 0.682 0.205 1,040 214,309	tonnes Au grade Cu grade ounces pounds tonnes (thousands) (g/t) (%) (thousands) (thousands) (thousands)  187,443 0.814 0.119 4,906 491,841 47,411 0.682 0.205 1,040 214,309	tonnes Au grade Cu grade ounces pounds tonnes tonnes (thousands) (g/t) (%) (thousands) (thousands) (thousands) (thousands)  187,443 0.814 0.119 4,906 491,841 47,411 0.682 0.205 1,040 214,309

#### Outlook

The Company continues its work to complete a feasibility study on the Brisas property. The most recent supplement to the pre-feasibility study, which was originally completed in 1998, contemplates the implementation of on-site copper processing using the Cominco Engineering Services Limited (CESL) technology. The CESL process utilizes an autoclave for pressure oxidation of the concentrates followed by a series of leaching sequences to recover the copper and gold. Implementation of the CESL process would eliminate significant transportation costs for the copper gold concentrates to an off-site smelter resulting in improved Brisas project economics.

Current cost estimates (U.S. Dollars), in accordance with the Gold Institute guidelines, result in cash operating costs of \$153 per ounce of gold net of copper revenues (using \$300 per ounce gold, \$0.90 per pound copper and the CESL process). Total after-tax costs are estimated at \$243 per ounce of gold (including operating costs (net of copper revenues), working capital, initial capital and life of mine capital less sunk costs).

Estimated cost per ounce of gold is determined net of copper revenues. As a result, the price of copper is a significant factor in determining net production costs. For example, every \$0.10 per pound change in the price of copper results in a corresponding change in our cash and total costs of \$13 per ounce of gold.

The proposed plant is presently estimated to cost between \$350 and \$400 million and process an estimated 55,000 tonnes per day, yielding an average annual production of as much as 362,000 ounces of gold and 46 million pounds of copper, over a mine life of 13 years. Construction of the planned facility is expected to take approximately 18 to 24 months, with commissioning and achievement of commercial production expected shortly thereafter. The Brisas property economics and plant design are subject to the results of the final feasibility study which management expects to complete in 2001.

Management's operational focus continues to be obtaining the required permits, securing additional sites required for process facilities, infrastructure, waste deposition and the completion of the final feasibility study. In addition, continuation or completion of metallurgical testing, geotechnical and hydrological investigations, electrical power supply and development and condemnation drilling will occur prior to completion of the final feasibility study. It is estimated that an additional \$3 to \$4 million will be spent for completion of the final feasibility study.

# Reorganization

In February 1999, the shareholders of Gold Reserve Corporation (a U.S. corporation) approved a plan of reorganization whereby Gold Reserve Corporation became a subsidiary of Gold Reserve Inc. (a Canadian corporation), the successor issuer. The primary purpose of the formation of a Canadian parent was to expand the Company's profile among Canadian investors who generally are significant investors in resource companies.

Gold Reserve Inc. continues to make filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission and The Toronto Stock Exchange along with the applicable Canadian Securities Commissions. After the reorganization, a shareholder of Gold Reserve Inc. continued to own an interest in the business, through subsidiary companies, that in aggregate is essentially the same as before the reorganization.

Financial Overview

The December 31, 1999 balance sheet is derived from the audited consolidated financial statements as set forth in the Company's 1999 Form 20-F. You are urged to refer to the notes to those audited consolidated financial statements which also apply to these interim financial statements at March 31, 2000 and are not repeated here. The financial information given in the accompanying unaudited financial statements reflects all normal, recurring adjustments which, in the opinion of management, are necessary for a fair presentation for the periods reported.

The total financial resources of the Company, cash plus current and non-current marketable securities (primarily consisting of highly liquid US treasury and agency obligations), decreased \$0.8 million from December 31, 1999 to approximately \$19 million as of March 31, 2000. (All amounts are stated in U.S. Dollars).

	March 31, 2000	December 31, 1999		
Cash and equivalents Marketable securities - current Marketable securities - non-current	\$ 8,310,910 5,489,132 5,039,703	\$ 4,377,521 9,884,909 5,350,417		
	\$ 18,839,745	\$ 19,612,847		

The overall budgeted corporate expenditures for 2000, excluding interest income estimated at approximately \$1 million, is estimated at \$3.2 million. Approximately \$1.2 million will be spent directly on the Brisas property, primarily to complete a final feasibility study and related activities. The remaining budgeted expenditures relate to corporate management of the Brisas property, exploration activities other than on the Brisas property and general corporate activities. Management anticipates that its combined cash and investment position will be sufficient to cover estimated operational and capital expenditures (excluding estimated mine construction costs) associated with the remainder of 2000 and all of 2001.

Whether and to what extent additional or alternative financing options are pursued by the Company depends on a number of important factors, including the price of gold, if and when mine development activities are commenced on the Brisas property, management's assessment of the financial markets, the potential acquisition of additional properties or projects and the overall capital requirements of the consolidated corporate group. Future construction costs and development expenses, and the cost of placing the Brisas property or additional future properties into production, if warranted, are expected to be financed by a combination of the sale of additional common stock, bank borrowings or other means. Management however, does not plan to raise funds through the sale of equity or debt for the next 18 to 24 months.

Consolidated net loss for the three months ended March 31, 2000 amounted to \$543,681 or \$0.02 per share compared to consolidated net loss of \$895,990 or \$0.04 per share for the same period in 1999. Other income decreased primarily as a result of lower levels of cash and investments. Expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2000 decreased over the prior period primarily as a result of various cost reduction measures undertaken by the Company and the timing of some expenses, partially offset by a loss on the sale of marketable securities.

Certain reclassifications of the 1999 financial statements have been made to conform with the 2000 presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on the net loss or accumulated deficit as previously reported.

As of May 30, 2000, the Company had the following shares and share options outstanding:

Class A common	21,815,383
Equity units*	1,285,817
Options to purchase Class A common shares	3,263,240

<sup>\*</sup>An equity unit consists of one class B common share of Gold Reserve Inc. and one class B common share of Gold Reserve Corporation. Equity units are convertible into class A common shares of Gold Reserve Inc. on a one to one basis.

U.S. Dollars	March 31, 2000	December 31,
ASSETS		
Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Marketable securities Deposits, advances and other Accrued interest	5,489,132 358,389 91,954	\$ 4,377,521 9,884,909 346,834 171,732
Total current assets	14,250,385	14,780,996
Property, plant and equipment, net Marketable securities Other	43,712,049 5,039,703 1,263,769	43,374,065 5,350,417 1,295,014
Total assets	\$ 64,265,906	\$ 64,800,492
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses Note payable - KSOP	\$ 316,323 184,419	
Total current liabilities	500,742	504,633
	,	222,000
Minority interest in consolidated subsidiaries	1,005,573	992,587
Total liabilities	1,506,315	1,497,220
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Serial preferred stock, without par value Common shares and equity units, without par value	102,067,298	- 102,067,298
Less, common shares held by affiliates	(403,331)	(403,331)
Accumulated deficit KSOP debt guarantee	(38,719,957) (184,419)	
Total shareholders' equity Total liabilities and	62,759,591 	63,303,272
shareholders' equity	\$ 64,265,906 ======	\$ 64,800,492 =======
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2 (unaudited)	000 and 1999	
U.S. Dollars	2000	1999
OTHER INCOME Interest	\$ 263,813	\$ 286,118
EXPENSES General and administratie Technical services Corporate communications Legal and accounting Foreign currency loss Reorganization Loss on sale of marketable securities Interest Minority interest in net income of consolidated subsidiaries	263,693 115,161 56,806 33,531 38,151 - 283,507 3,659 12,986	730,658 204,084 77,740 42,987 44,741 69,976 5,865
Net loss	\$ (543,681)	\$ (895,990)
	========	========
Net loss per share - basic and diluted	(۵.۵۷)	\$ (0.04)

	=========	========
Weighted average common		
shares outstanding	23,101,200	22,730,840

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2000 and 19 (unaudited)	99	
U.S. Dollars	2000	1999
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Net loss Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used by operating activities:	\$ (543,681)	\$ (895,990)
Depreciation Amortization of premium (discount)	10,967	9,683
on marketable securities Foreign currency loss	(11,481) 38,151	22,156 44,741
Minority interest in net income of	•	,
consolidated subsidiaries Net loss on sale of marketable securities Changes in current assets and liabilities:	12,986 283,507	6,057 -
Net decrease (increase) in current assets Net increase in current liabilities	(3,891)	260,785 60,198
Net cash used by operating activities	(145,219)	(492,370)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Proceeds from the sale and maturity of marketable securities Purchase of marketable securities Purchase of property, plant and equipment Other	7,607,312 (3,172,847) (387,102) 31,245	4,000,000 (2,648,000) (653,088) 34,531
Net cash provided by investing activities	4,078,608	733,443
Cash Flows from Financing Activities: Proceeds from issuance of common shares	-	12,543
Net cash provided by financing activities	-	12,543
Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents: Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period	3,933,389	253,616 2,848,189
Cash and cash equivalents - end of period	\$ 8,310,910	\$ 3,101,805

## SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

GOLD RESERVE INC.
By: s/ Robert A. McGuinness
Vice President - Finance & CFO
May 30, 2000